### Ligand and Base Free Copper(II)-Catalyzed C-N Bond Formation: Cross-coupling Reactions of Organoboron Compounds with Aliphatic Amines and Anilines

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#### **General Synthetic Methods**

CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was distilled from CaH<sub>2</sub> under argon. All other commercial solvents and reagents were used as received from the Aldrich Chemical Company, Fischer Scientific Ltd., EMD Chemicals Inc., Strem or BDH. The 4Å molecular sieves were purchased through the Aldrich Chemical Company in powdered form, activated and stored in a oven at 210 °C until their use. All glassware was oven dried at 210 °C and allowed to cool under a stream of dry oxygen. The oxygen gas (UHP/zero grade) was purchased from Air Products and was dried through a tube of Drierite (anhydrous CaSO<sub>4</sub>) prior to connection to a manifold for delivery into the reaction flask.

Silica gel (60Å, 230-400 mesh) used in flash column chromatography was obtained from Silicycle and was used as received. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on pre-coated silica gel plates (Ultra Pure Silica Gel Plates purchased from Silicycle), visualized with a Spectroline  $UV_{254}$  lamp, and stained with a 20% phosphomolybdic acid in ethanol solution. Solvent systems associated with  $R_f$  values and flash column chromatography are reported as v/v ratios.

Melting points were obtained using a Fisher-Johns melting point apparatus and are uncorrected. Specific optical rotations were determined on a Perkin-Elmer 243B Polarimeter under the conditions indicated using the sodium D line (589 nm). Sample concentrations are reported as grams per 100 mL solvent. Analytical chiral HPLC (of **3f**, **3n** and **3s**) was performed on a Chiralcel OD column (4.6 x 250 mm) obtained from Daicel Chemical Industries, Ltd.  $^{1}$ H and  $^{13}$ C NMR were recorded at 300 MHz and 75 MHz respectively on a Varian Gemini 300 or Mercury 300 spectrometer. Proton chemical shifts were internally referenced to the residual proton resonance in CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  7.26 ppm). Carbon chemical shifts were internally referenced to the deuterated solvent signals in CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  77.20 ppm). FT-IR spectra were recorded on a Perkin-Elmer Spectrum 1000 spectrometer with samples loaded as neat films on NaCl plates. Low and high resolution mass spectra were recorded on a Bell and Howell 21-490 spectrometer and an AEI MS3074 spectrometer respectively.

References following compound names indicate literature articles where <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR data have previously been reported.

#### **Synthetic Methods and Characterization Data**

#### Representative Procedure for the Cross-Coupling of PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> with Aliphatic Amines

A suspension of PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> (0.368 g, 2.00 mmol), Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O (20.0 mg, 0.100 mmol), and powdered 4Å molecular sieves (0.750 g) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (8.00 mL) was stirred for 5 minutes at room temperature. To this stirring suspension was added n-butylamine (0.072 g, 99.0  $\mu$ L, 1.00 mmol). The reaction mixture was then sealed with a rubber septa (heated if necessary), and stirred under an atmosphere of O<sub>2</sub>. Following a period of 24 h, the crude reaction mixture was filtered through a plug of celite to remove the molecular sieves and any insoluble byproducts and then concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude product mixture. The product (**3a**) was isolated by silica gel column chromatography (eluting with hexanes:EtOAc 9:1 ~ 3:1 gradient) as a pale yellow oil in 89% yield (0.133 g, 0.89 mmol).

#### Representative Procedure for the Cross-Coupling of PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> with Aliphatic Amines

The above procedure was followed with substitution of  $PhB(OH)_2$  (0.244 g, 2.00 mmol) in place of the potassium organotrifluoroborate salt. The product (3a) was isolated as a pale yellow oil in 92% yield (0.137 g, 0.89 mmol).

# Representative Procedure for the Activation of Amine Hydrohalide Salts and Subsequent Cross-Coupling with PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>

To a stirring solution of 3-bromopropylamine hydrobromide (0.219 g, 1.00 mL) in acetonitrile (10.0 mL) was added Amberlyst A-21 resin (0.750 g). The suspension was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, then filtered and washed with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> to remove the resin. The filtrant was collected and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was then redissolved in acetonitrile (1.00 mL) and added to a prestirring suspension of PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> (0.244 g, 2.00 mmol), Cu(OAc)<sub>2</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O (20.0 mg, 0.100 mmol), and powdered 4Å molecular sieves (0.750 g) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (8.00 mL). The reaction mixture was then sealed with a rubber septa, heated to 40 °C, and stirred under an atmosphere of O<sub>2</sub>. Following a period of 24 h, the crude reaction mixture was filtered through a plug of celite to remove the molecular sieves and any insoluble byproducts, and then concentrated *in vacuo* to afford the crude product mixture. The product (31) was isolated by silica gel column chromatography (eluting with hexanes:EtOAc 9:1 ~ 3:1 gradient) as a clear oil in 86% yield (0.184 g, 0.860 mmol).

#### **Products of Experiments Summarized in Table 1**

**n-Butylphenylamine** (Alberti, A.; Cane, F.; Dembech, P.; Lazzari, D.; Ricci, A.; Seconi, G. *J. Org. Chem.* **1996**, *61*, 1677-1681.)

Reactions were performed at room temperature. Product was isolated as a pale yellow oil in 89% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 92% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.80 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.22 (2H, ddd, J = 8.5, 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.74 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.65 (2H, dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz), 3.62 (1H, br s), 3.15 (2H, tt, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.65 (2H, quintet, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.48 (2H, sextet, J = 7.0 Hz), 1.01 (3H, t, J = 7.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  148.70, 129.35, 117.19, 112.81, 43.80, 31.83, 20.48, 14.06.

**Isopropylphenylamine** (Shaffer, C. L.; Morton, M. D.; Hanzlik, R. P. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2001**, *123*, 8502-8508.

$$\downarrow^{\mathsf{H}}$$
 $3\mathbf{b}$ 

Reactions were performed at room temperature. Product was isolated as a clear oil in 98% yield from both PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.70 (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (2H, ddd, J = 8.0, 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.75 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.66 (2H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz), 3.71 (1H, septet, J = 6.5 Hz), 3.50 (1H, br s), 1.28 (6H, d, J = 6.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  147.64, 129.40, 117.05, 113.34, 44.28, 23.14.

Cyclohexylphenylamine (Kawakami, T.; Sugimoto, T.; Shibata, I.; Baba, A.; Matsuda, H.; Sonoda, N. J. Org. Chem. 1995, 60, 2677-2682.)

$$\bigcirc$$
 $3c$ 

Product was isolated as a clear oil in 79% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> at room temperature; and in 85% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> at 40 °C: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.60 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.17 (2H, ddd, J = 8.5, 7.5, 2.0 Hz), 6.67 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.61 (2H, ddd, J = 8.5, 2.0, 1.0 Hz), 3.53 (1H, br s), 3.27 (1H, dddd, J = 14.0, 7.5, 6.5, 4.0 Hz), 2.14 - 2.02 (2H, m), 1.84 - 1.62 (3H, m), 1.48 - 1.10 (5H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  147.59, 129.43, 116.99, 113.30, 51.86, 33.68, 26.13, 25.21.

*t*-Butylphenylamine (Arnauld, T.; Barton, D. H. R.; Doris, E. *Tetrahedron* **1997**, *53*, 4137-4144.)

$$\rightarrow$$
  $\stackrel{\mathsf{H}}{\sim}$   $3\mathsf{d}$ 

Product was isolated as a light beige oil in 26% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> at room temperature; and in 39% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> at 40 °C:  $R_f = 0.40$  (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.16 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.8 - 6.72 (3H, m), 3.34 (1H, br s), 1.34 (9H, s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  147.06, 129.08, 118.49, 117.68, 51.66, 30.28.

**Adamantan-1-ylphenylamine** (Olifirov, D. I.; Koshchii, V. A.; Kozlikovskii, Y. B. *J. Org. Chem. USSR (Engl. Transl.)*, **1992**, 28, 152-157.)

3e

Reactions were performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a pale beige solid in 57% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 67% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.60 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.19 - 7.13 (2H, m), 6.83 - 6.77 (3H, m), 3.31 (1H, br s), 2.12 (3H, m), 1.88 (6H, d, J = 3.0 Hz), 1.77 - 1.71 (6H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  146.21, 128.89, 119.25, 119.19, 52.35, 43.62, 36.63, 29.87; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 229 (9), 227 (51), 171 (15), 170 (100), 135 (41), 133 (9), 107 (5), 94 (5), 93 (21), 92 (11), 91 (7), 79 (14), 77 (12), 67 (6); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 227.1674, found = 227.1673.

**S-(-)-***N***-(1-Phenylethyl)aniline** (Landor, S. R.; Sonola, O. O.; Tatchell, A. R. *Bull. Chem. Soc. Jpn.* **1984**, *57*, 1658-1661.)

Product was isolated as a clear oil in 91% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> at room temperature: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.44 (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc );  $[\alpha]_D^{22} = -5.15$  ° (c = 10, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.37 - 7.15 (5H, m), 7.07 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.63 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.49 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 4.46 (1H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.98 (1H, br s), 1.48 (3H, d, J = 7.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  147.42, 145.37, 129.24, 128.77, 127.00, 125.98, 117.36, 113.43, 53.57, 25.16.

#### [2-(3,4-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethyl]phenylamine

Product was isolated as a clear oil in 90% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> at room temperature; and in 95% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> at 40 °C: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.70 (1:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.20 (2H, ddd, J = 8.0, 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.86 - 6.70 (4H, m), 6.63 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 3.88 (3H, s), 3.87 (3H, s), 3.68 (1H, br s), 3.40 (2H, t, J = 7.0 Hz), 2.88 (2H, t, J = 7.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  149.13, 148.15, 147.78, 131.94, 129.39, 120.80, 117.59, 113.16, 112.17, 111.53, 56.06, 55.96, 45.23, 35.13; IR (film) v 3394, 2932, 2360, 1603, 1513, 1465, 1419, 1319, 1261, 1235, 1156, 1140, 1027, 809, 750, 693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 257 (12), 152 (23), 151 (8), 107 (12), 106 (100), 86 (7), 84 (11), 79 (5), 77 (15); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 257.1416, found = 257.1418.

#### (2-Methoxyethyl)phenylamine

Product was isolated as a clear oil in 32% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> at room temperature; and in 79% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and 94% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> at 40 °C: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.40 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.19 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.70 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.61 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 4.02 (1H, br s), 3.57 (2H, t, J = 5.0 Hz), 3.37 (3H, s), 3.26 (2H, t, J = 5.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  148.31, 129.31, 117.67, 113.17, 71.09, 58.81, 43.53; IR (film) v 3051, 2925, 2891, 1603, 1506, 1472, 1319, 1259, 1193, 1117, 1071, 1025, 871, 750, 693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 152 (9), 151 (48), 107 (14), 106 (100), 94 (7), 79 (12), 78 (5), 77 (24), 65 (7), 51 (11); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 151.0997, found = 151.0991.

#### (3-Methoxypropyl)phenylamine

Product was isolated as a clear oil in 78% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> at room temperature; and in 85% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> at 40 °C: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.50 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.19 (2H, ddd, J = 7.5, 3.0, 1.0 Hz), 6.70 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.63 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 3.94 (1H, br s), 3.53 (2H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 3.37 (3H, s), 3.24 (2H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 1.90 (2H, quintet, J = 6.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  148.66, 129.37, 117.27, 112.87, 71.37, 58.88, 41.92, 29.54; IR (film)  $\nu$  3394, 3051, 3021, 2924, 2871, 1604, 1508, 1478, 1433, 1389, 1321,

1262, 1180, 1117, 749, 693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 166 (6), 165 (37), 107 (13), 106 (100), 104 (6), 93 (11), 79 (10), 77 (18), 65 (6), 51 (7); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 165.1154, found = 165.1150.

## (3,7-Dimethylocta-2,6-dienyl)phenylamine (Ranu, B. C.; Majee, A.; Sarkar, A. *J. Org. Chem.* 1998, 63, 370-373.)

$$\frac{H}{3j}$$

Reactions were performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a yellow oil in 80% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 89% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.75 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29 (2H, ddd, J = 8.5, 7.5, 2.0 Hz), 6.82 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.72 (2H, ddd, J = 8.5, 2.0, 1.0 Hz), 5.49 - 5.41 (1H, m), 5.25 - 5.18 (1H, m), 3.81 (2H, d, J = 6.5 Hz), 3.67 (1H, br s), 2.28 - 2.14 (4H, m), 1.82 (3H, s), 1.81 (3H, s), 1.73 (3H, s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  148.58, 139.10, 131.81, 129.33, 124.10, 121.70, 117.40, 113.02, 42.10, 39.67, 26.59, 25.86, 17.86, 16.51.

#### Phenyl(tetrahydrofuran-2-ylmethyl)amine

Reactions were performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a pale yellow oil in 83% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 91% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.33 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.20 (2H, ddd, J = 8.5, 7.5, 2.0 Hz), 6.74 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.66 (2H, ddd, J = 8.5, 2.0, 1.0 Hz), 4.15 (1H, dddd, J = 7.0, 7.0, 7.0, 4.0 Hz), 4.05 (1H, br s), 3.92 (1H, ddd, J = 8.0, 7.0, 7.0 Hz), 3.81 (1H, ddd, J = 8.0, 7.0, 7.0 Hz), 3.28 (1H, dd, J = 12.5, 4.0 Hz), 3.10 (1H, dd, J = 12.5, 7.5 Hz), 2.11 - 1.90 (3H, m), 1.74 - 1.62 (1H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  148.50, 129.28, 117.53, 113.10, 77.64, 68.12, 48.24, 29.19, 25.89; IR (film) v 3390, 3051, 3021, 2971, 2869, 1603, 1506, 1459, 1433, 1378, 1360, 1320, 1256, 1180, 1070, 749, 693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 178 (7), 177 (27), 107 (17), 106 (100), 79 (7), 77 (16), 71 (9), 50 (6); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 177.1154, found = 177.1156.

#### (3-Bromopropyl)phenyl amine

The amine hydrobromide salt was pretreated with Amberlyst A-21 resin. Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear oil in 86% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> over both

steps:  $R_f = 0.30$  (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29 (2H, ddd, J = 7.5, 2.0, 1.5 Hz), 6.83 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 6.73 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 2.0 Hz), 3.95 (1H, br s), 3.60 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz), 3.42 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz), 2.24 (2H, quintet, J = 6.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  147.82, 129.46, 117.77, 113.01, 42.14, 32.07, 31.37; IR (film) v 3410, 3051, 3021, 2961, 1603, 1507, 1431, 1322, 1255, 1180, 1100, 991, 870, 751, 693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 215 (19), 213 (18), 107 (15), 106 (100), 104 (7), 79 (11), 78 (7), 77 (27), 65 (8); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 213.0153, found = 213.0151.

N-Phenyl-glycine ethyl ester (Anderson, W. K.; Bhattacharjee, D.; Houston, D. M.; J. Med. Chem. 1989, 32, 119-127.)

The amine hydrochloride salt was pretreated with Amberlyst A-21 resin. Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear crystalline solid in 84% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> over both steps:  $R_f = 0.50$  (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.21 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.76 (1H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.62 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 4.28 (1H, br s), 4.25 (2H, q, J = 7.0 Hz), 3.91 (2H, s), 1.31 (3H, t, J = 7.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  171.33, 147.20, 129.48, 118.37, 113.19, 61.49, 46.05, 14.36.

**S-N-Phenyl-phenylalanine methyl ester** (Tunge, J. A.; Gately, D. A.; Norton, J. R. *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.* **1999**, *121*, 4520-4521.)

The amine hydrochloride salt was pretreated with Amberlyst A-21 resin. Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a light beige oil in 90% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> over both steps:  $R_f = 0.40$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc);  $[\alpha]_D^{22} = +25.88$  ° (c = 10, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for >99% ee (Chiralcel OD, 10% ethanol/hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, retention times for R and S enantiomers are 7.16 and 9.78 min respectively) with determination of the absolute stereochemistry by comparison of the specific rotation with the literature value; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.48 - 7.28 (7H, m), 6.90 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.75 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 4.53 (1H, t, J = 6.5 Hz), 4.36 (1H, br s), 3.79 (3H, s), 3.28 (2H, ddd, J = 20.0, 13.5, 6.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  173.62, 146.39, 136.38, 129.39, 129.28, 128.55, 127.03, 118.41, 113.56, 57.70, 52.03, 38.62.

N-Phenylpiperidine (Brenner, E.; Schneider, R.; Fort, Y.; Tetrahedron, 1999, 55, 12829-12842.)

Product was isolated as a clear oil in 78% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> at room temperature; and in 86% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> at 40 °C: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.40 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.25 (2H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.94 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.82 (1H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 3.16 (4H, t, J = 5.5 Hz), 1.76 - 1.66 (4H, m), 1.62 - 1.53 (2H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  152.47, 129.19, 119.36, 116.72, 50.87, 26.07, 24.52.

**4-Phenyl-morpholine** (Ishikawa, T.; Uedo, E.; Tani, R.; Saito, S. *J. Org. Chem.* **2001**, *66*, 186-191.)

Reactions were performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a pale light beige, crystalline solid in 81% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 90% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.45 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.31 (2H, ddd, J = 9.0, 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 6.96 - 6.88 (3H, m), 3.91 - 3.85 (4H, m), 3.20 - 3.15 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  151.41, 129.33, 120.17, 115.83, 67.08, 49.48.

#### 8-Phenyl-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane

Reactions were performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear oil in 87% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> K<sup>+</sup> and in 86% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.40 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.34 (2H, ddd, J = 7.5, 2.0, 1.5 Hz), 7.04 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 2.0 Hz), 6.93 (1H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 4.07 (4H, s), 3.42 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz), 1.94 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  151.08, 129.19, 119.49, 116.70, 107.27, 64.41, 47.83, 34.64; IR (film) v 2956, 2882, 2828, 1599, 1497, 1466, 1365, 1228, 1143, 1105, 1037, 962, 946, 929, 896, 757, 693, 529 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 220 (18), 219 (100), 218 (10), 174 (28), 158 (20), 133 (18), 132 (55), 106 (11), 105 (73), 104 (25), 77 (21); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 219.1259, found = 219.1265.

**1-Phenyl-piperidin-4-one** (Hermant, R. M.; Bakker, N. A. C.; Scherer, T.; Krijnen, B.; Verhoeven, J. W. *J. Amer. Chem. Soc.* **1990**, *112*, 1214-1221.)

The amine hydrochloride salt was pretreated with Amberlyst A-21 resin. Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a light beige solid in 83% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> over both steps:  $R_f = 0.33$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.29 (2H, ddd, J = 7.5, 2.0, 1.5 Hz), 6.97 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 2.0 Hz), 6.91 (1H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 3.60 (4H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 2.54 (4H, t, J = 6.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  208.35, 149.25, 129.58, 119.96, 116.01, 48.96, 40.86.

N-Phenyl-L-proline methyl ester (Ishikawa, T.; Uedo, E.; Tani, R.; Saito, S. J. Org. Chem. **2001**, *66*, 186-191.)

3s

The amine hydrochloride salt was pretreated with Amberlyst A-21 resin. Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a pale yellow oil in 74% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub> over both steps:  $R_f = 0.50$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc);  $[\alpha]_D^{22} = -13.81$  ° (c = 1.0, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) for >99% ee (Chiralcel OD, 10% ethanol/hexanes, 1.0 mL/min, retention times for R and S enantiomers are 6.19 and 8.77 min respectively) with determination of the absolute stereochemistry by comparison of the specific rotation with the literature value; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.32 (2H, ddd, J = 7.5, 2.0, 1.5 Hz), 6.81 (1H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.5 Hz), 6.64 (2H, dd, J = 7.5, 2.0 Hz), 4.34 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz), 3.80 (3H, s), 3.70 - 3.66 (1H, m), 3.49 - 3.40 (1H, m), 2.45 - 2.07 (4H, m); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  175.10, 146.79, 129.35, 116.77, 112.04, 52.20, 48.37, 31.02, 23.99.

**2-Phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline** (Almena, J.; Foubelo, F.; Yus, M. *Tetrahedron* **1996**, 52, 8545-8564.)

3t

Reactions were performed at room temperature. Product was isolated as a clear oil in 72% yield from both PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>:  $R_f = 0.50$  (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.36 - 7.13 (6H, m), 7.02 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.87 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 4.45 (2H, s), 3.60 (2H, t, J = 6.0 Hz), 3.03 (2H, t, J = 6.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  150.44, 134.41, 129.16, 128.98, 128.48, 126.51, 126.30, 126.00, 118.66, 115.16.

**1-Phenyl-pyrrole** (Lee, C. K.; Jun, J. H.; Yu, J. S. *J. Heterocycl. Chem.* **2000**, *37*, 15-24.)

Reactions were performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear, crystalline solid in 80% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 89% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.60 (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.56 - 7.48 (4H, m), 7.38 - 7.31 (1H, m), 7.20 (2H, t, J = 2.0 Hz), 6.46 (2H, t, J = 2.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  140.89, 129.69, 125.75, 120.66, 119.46, 110.55.

**4-Bromodiphenylamine** (Barchiesi, E.; Bradamante, S.; Pagani, G. A. *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans.* 2 **1987**, 1091-1096.)

Reactions were performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear, crystalline solid in 30% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 53% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>:  $R_f = 0.40$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.35 - 7.22 (4H, m), 7.06 - 6.88 (5H, m), 5.63 (1H, br s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  142.56, 142.53, 132.31, 129.90, 121.79, 119.17, 118.43, 112.74.

#### 4-Anilinobenzoic acid methyl ester

Reactions were performed at room temperature. Product was isolated as a beige, crystalline solid in 35% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 40% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.60 (1:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.92 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.34 (2H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.17 (2H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.07 (1H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 6.99 (2H, d, J = 8.5 Hz), 6.07 (1H, br s), 3.88 (3H, s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.16, 148.27, 141.03, 131.65, 129.67, 123.28, 121.26, 120.62, 114.75, 51.89; IR (film) v 3343, 1695, 1591, 1521, 1496, 1434, 1328, 1282, 1172, 1109, 850, 769, 747, 693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 228 (24), 227 (100), 197 (21), 196 (95), 168 (23), 167 (56), 166 (14), 98 (11), 84 (20), 77 (15), 51 (11); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 227.0946, found = 227.0919.

#### (2,6-Diethylphenyl)phenylamine

$$\frac{1}{3x}$$

Reactions were performed at room temperature. Product was isolated as an amber oil in 34% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 49% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.70 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.23 - 7.06 (5H, m), 6.71 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.47 (2H, dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz), 5.13 (1H, br s), 2.58 (4H, q, J = 7.5 Hz), 1.14 (6H, t, J = 7.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  147.45, 142.52, 129.91, 129.36, 126.84, 126.69, 118.10, 113.41, 24.86, 14.86; IR (film) v 3396, 3044, 2965, 2872, 1603, 1497, 1454, 1412, 1374, 1306, 1237, 1175, 1106, 1077, 1026, 994, 866, 798, 747, 693 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 226 (29), 225 (100), 211 (24), 210 (92), 208 (20), 196 (18), 194 (14), 193 (13), 182 (15), 181 (32), 180 (53), 170 (15), 168 (11), 167 (13), 148 (12), 134 (13), 91 (12), 77 (19), 51 (12); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 225.1518, found = 225.1519.

#### (2-Methoxy-5-methylphenyl)phenylamine

Reactions were performed at room temperature. Product was isolated as an orange oil in 51% yield from PhBF<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup>K<sup>+</sup> and in 66% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.60 (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.31 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.17 (3H, d, J = 7.5 Hz), 6.97 (1H, tt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.80 (1H, d, J = 8.0 Hz), 6.67 (1H, dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz), 6.13 (1H, br s), 3.88 (3H, s), 2.29 (3H, s); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  146.45, 142.97, 132.90, 130.41, 129.42, 121.23, 120.26, 118.82, 115.64, 110.70, 55.94, 21.16; IR (film) v 3410, 3047, 2935, 2860, 2833, 1594, 1526, 1496, 1463, 1413, 1311, 1293, 1244, 1221, 1176, 1156, 1079, 1033, 956, 865, 795, 748, 725, 708, 694, 620 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 214 (19), 213 (100), 199 (15), 198 (89), 197 (17), 183 (33), 170 (26), 155 (11), 154 (11), 77 (12); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 213.1154, found = 213.1160.

#### **Products of Experiments Summarized in Table 3**

8-(4-Acetylphenyl)-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane (Ogawa, K.; Kaji, M.; Kagawa, H.; Sagawa, M.; Kakuta, A. Acta Crystallogr. Sect. C: Cryst. Struct. Commun. 1994, 50, 95-97.)

Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear, crystalline solid in 93% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>:  $R_f = 0.10$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.84 (2H, ddd, J = 10.0, 5.0, 3.0 Hz), 6.85 (2H, ddd, J = 10.0, 5.0, 3.0 Hz), 3.98 (4H, s), 3.50 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz), 2.50 (3H, s), 1.78 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  196.54, 153.58, 130.63, 127.21, 113.60, 107.14, 64.55, 45.95, 34.38, 26.22.

#### 8-(3-Chlorophenyl)-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane

4b

Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear oil in 85% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>:  $R_f = 0.30$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.14 (1H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 6.89 (1H, t, J = 2.0 Hz), 6.82 - 6.75 (2H, m), 3.98 (4H, s), 3.33 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz), 1.81 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  152.00, 135.03, 130.18, 119.01, 116.27, 114.42, 107.15, 64.50, 47.35, 34.47; IR (film) v 2958, 2883, 1595, 1563, 1487, 1466, 1365, 1231, 1144, 1097, 1037, 945, 768, 683 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 255 (37), 254 (21), 253 (100), 210 (10), 208 (30), 194 (11), 192 (21), 168 (16), 167 (18), 166 (42), 141 (26), 140 (15), 139 (74), 138 (20), 111 (13), 86 (11); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 253.0869, found = 253.0870.

#### 8-(3-Nitrophenyl)-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane

4c

Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a bright yellow oil in 84% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>:  $R_f = 0.25$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.68 (1H, t, J = 2.0 Hz), 7.57 (1H, ddd, J = 8.0, 2.0, 1.0 Hz), 7.32 (1H, t, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.16 (1H, ddd, J = 8.0, 2.0, 1.0 Hz), 3.97 (4H, s), 3.40 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz), 1.78 (4H, dd, J = 6.0, 6.0 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  151.34, 149.35, 129.79, 121.52, 113.27, 109.96, 106.86, 64.51, 46.98, 34.27; IR (film) v 2960, 2886, 1616, 1526, 1349, 1234, 1144, 1112, 1036, 946, 856, 737, 674 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 265 (19), 264 (93), 219 (46), 204 (12), 203 (35), 178 (24), 177 (48), 151 (13), 150 (100), 149 (10), 132 (12), 105 (15), 104 (15), 99 (17), 86 (14), 77 (15); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 264.1110, found = 264.1109.

#### 8-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane

**4d** 

Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a clear, crystalline solid in 95% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: mp = 60 - 61 °C (hexanes);  $R_f = 0.20$  (3:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.92 (2H, ddd, J = 10.0, 6.0, 3.5 Hz), 6.82 (2H, ddd, J = 10.0, 6.0, 3.5 Hz), 3.98 (4H, s), 3.76 (3H, s), 3.18 (4H, dd, J = 5.5, 5.5 Hz), 1.86 (4H, dd, J = 5.5, 5.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  153.82, 145.74, 119.05, 114.44, 107.16, 64.41, 55.62, 49.47, 34.95; IR (film) v 2956, 2821, 1512, 1466, 1442, 1417, 1368, 1288, 1249, 1224, 1180, 1115, 1036, 949, 896, 832, 704 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 250 (26), 249 (100), 235 (11), 234 (51), 204 (12), 188 (10), 163 (13), 162 (42), 136 (12), 135 (63), 133 (18), 121 (11), 120 (41), 99 (11), 92 (10), 86 (11), 84 (16), 55 (12), 51 (12); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 249.1365, found = 249.1361.

#### 8-(Pyridin-3-yl)-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane

4e

Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as light orange oil in 55% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>: R<sub>f</sub> = 0.10 (1:1 CH2Cl2:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.31 (1H, s), 8.05 (1H, d, J = 3.5 Hz), 7.18 (1H, ddd, J = 8.5, 3.5, 1.5 Hz), 7.11 (1H, dd, J = 8.5, 3.5 Hz), 3.98 (4H, s), 3.34 (4H, dd, J = 5.5, 5.5 Hz), 1.82 (4H, dd, J = 5.5, 5.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  146.77, 140.50, 139.20, 123.60, 122.90, 106.98, 64.53, 47.24, 34.46; IR (film) v 2958, 2884, 1672, 1582, 1488, 1426, 1365, 1235, 1144, 1102, 1052, 1035, 946, 930, 799, 708, 670, 614 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 221 (14), 220 (82), 175 (32), 159 (26), 134 (17), 133 (55), 107 (15), 106 (100), 105 (29), 99 (20), 86 (20), 78 (21), 55 (11), 51 (10); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 220.1212, found = 220.1217.

#### 8-o-Tolyl-1,4-dioxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decane

4f

Reaction was performed at 40 °C. Product was isolated as a pale yellow oil in 61% yield from PhB(OH)<sub>2</sub>:  $R_f = 0.33$  (9:1 hexanes:EtOAc); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.24 - 7.18 (2H, m), 7.07 (1H, dd, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 6.99 (1H, dt, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz), 4.02 (4H, s), 3.01 (4H, dd, J = 5.5, 5.5 Hz), 2.34 (3H, s), 1.91 (4H, dd, J = 5.5, 5.5 Hz); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  151.95, 132.76, 131.05, 126.60, 123.14, 119.38, 107.30, 64.41, 50.27, 35.79, 17.90; IR (film) v 2955, 2880, 2823, 1599, 1493, 1470, 1363, 1328, 1217, 1142, 1101, 1038, 931, 899, 762, 724, 666 cm<sup>-1</sup>; LRMS (EI): m/z (rel. intensity) = 234 (22), 233 (100), 232 (16), 188 (41), 172 (19), 147 (15), 146 (55), 132 (17), 119 (42), 118 (44), 91 (18); HRMS (EI): m/z calcd. for (M<sup>+</sup>) = 233.1416, found = 233.1411.



























